

Current Economic Outlook

April, 2024

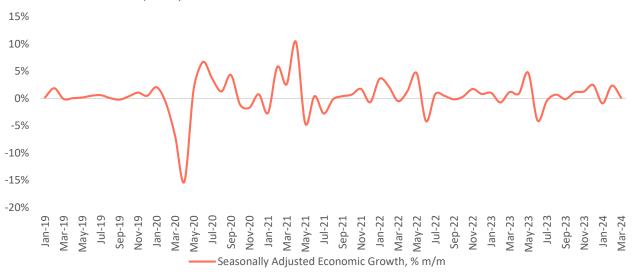
Key Developments

- In March 2024, the real GDP growth rate was 8.2 percent and average growth rate of the first quarter of 2024 was 7.8 percent, according to the preliminary estimates of the National Statistics Office.
- In April, annual inflation stood at 1.5 percent, while core inflation was 2.3 percent
- In March, exports decreased by 4.4 percent year-on-year and imports decreased by 17.0 percent year-on-year, decreasing the trade deficit by 25.3 percent year-on-year to 622 million USD
- For March, the real effective exchange rate depreciated by 1.7 percent compared to the same period of the previous year and by 1.1 percent compared to the previous month
- There was no monetary policy committee meeting in April and monetary policy rate is at 8.25 percent

Economic Growth in March was equal to 8.2 percent

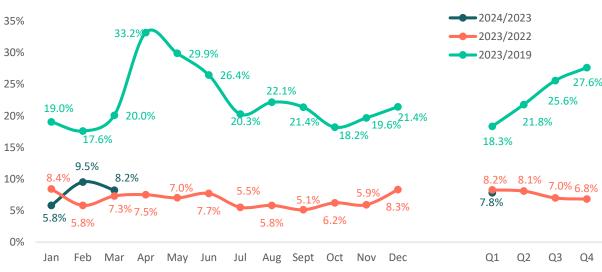






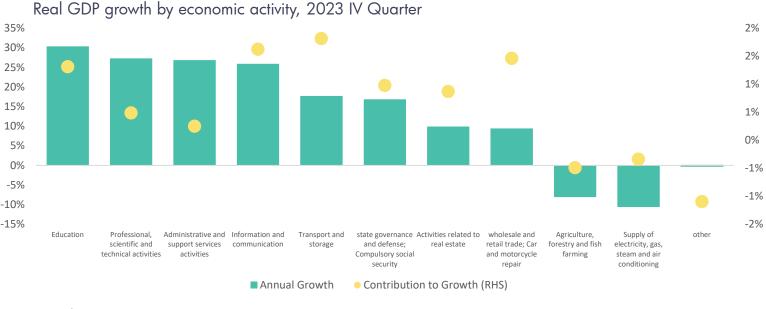
- Estimated real GDP growth rate in March 2024 equaled 8.2 percent YoY and average annual real GDP growth rate for the 1st quarter of 2024 equals to 7.8 percent, while the seasonally adjusted economic growth in March comparing to the previous month was 0.1 percent.
- In March 2024 the estimated real growth compared to the same period of the previous year was observed in the following activities: Manufacturing, Information and communication, Professional scientific and technical activities, Real estate activities.
- A decline was registered in the fields of Construction, Energy, Transportation and storage.

Economic Growth, 2024-2019



Source: Geostat, MOF

According to preliminary estimates, real GDP increased by 6.9 percent in the fourth quarter of 2023



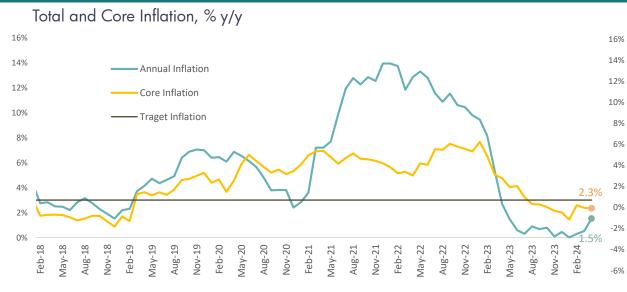
GDP by economic activity, 2023 IV Quarter

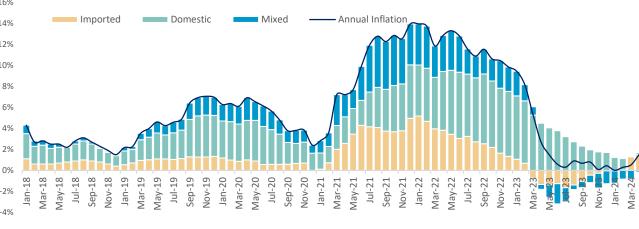


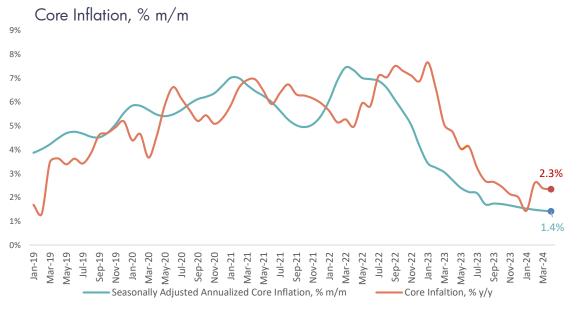
- According to preliminary estimates, in the fourth quarter of 2023 economic growth amounted to 6.9 percent, while in the third quarter of 2023, compared to the corresponding period of the previous year, real GDP increased by 7.0 percent. In the fourth quarter 2023 economic growth was 27.7 percent compared to the fourth quarter of 2019.
- The following industries have made a significant contribution to growth of Q4 2023:
 - Education: 30.4 % (1.3 p.p.)
 - Professional, scientific and technical activities: 27.3% (0.5 p.p.)
 - Administrative and support services activities: 26.9% (0.2 pp.)
 - Information and communication: 25.9 % (1.6 p.p.)
 - Transport and warehousing: 17.7% (1.8 p.p.)
 - State governance and defense; Mandatory social security 16.8 % (1.0 p.p.)
 - Activities related to real estate: 9.9% (0.9 p.p.)
 - Wholesale and retail trade; Repair of automobiles and motorcycles: 9.4 % (1.5 p.p.)
- The following sectors made a significant contribution to the decrease:
 - Agriculture, forestry and fishing: -8.1% (-0.5 p.p.)
 - Supply of electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning: -10.6 %
 (-0.3 p.p.)

Source: Geostat

Annual inflation in April has reached 1.5 percent

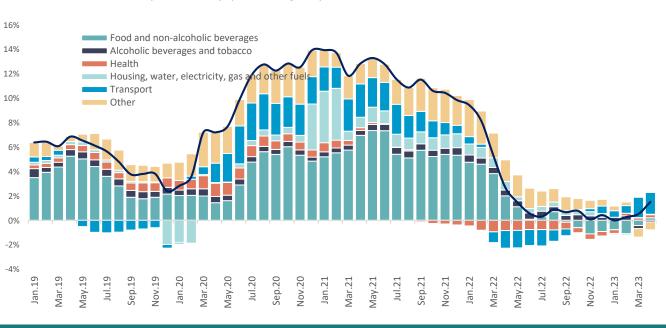






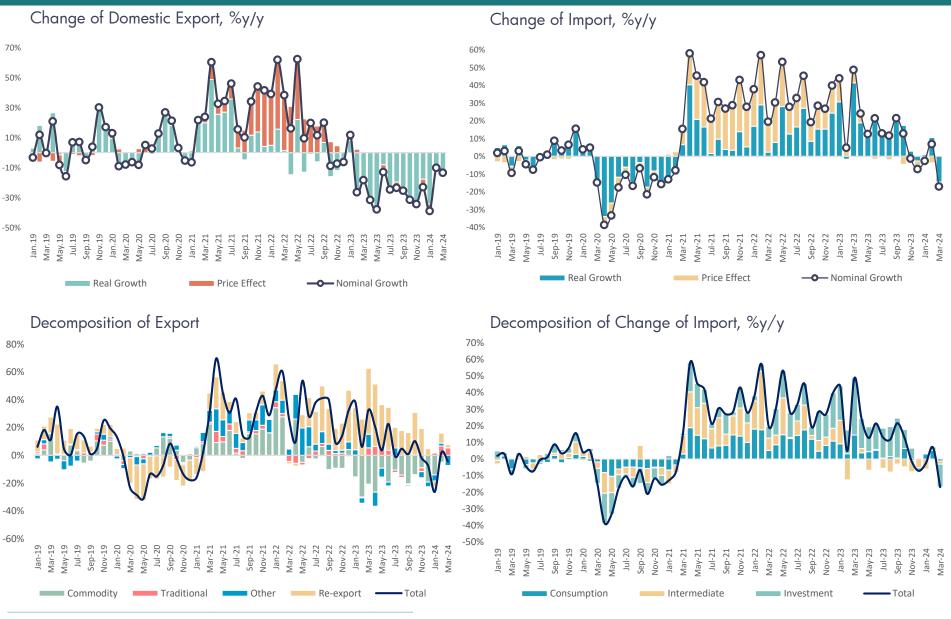


Inflation Decomposition



Source: Geostat, NBG, MOF

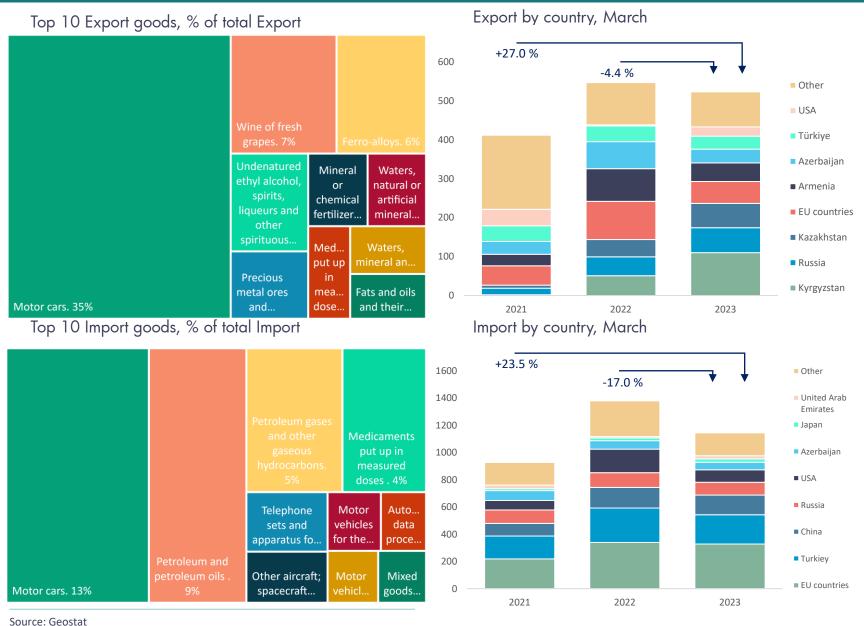
Trade Deficit in March decreased by 25.3 percent annually



- Export decreased annually by 4.4 percent to 522.7 million USD in March.
- Domestic export decreased annually by 13.4 percent to 233.2 million USD.
- Import annually decreased by 17.0 percent to 1 144.6 million USD in March.
- Trade deficit annually decreased by 25.3 percent to 621.9 million USD.
- Share of re-export in export growth is equal to 2.2 percent (4.3 %y/y), while share of commodity export is negative 4.8 percent (-29.0 %y/y).
- Contribution of import of Investment, Consumption and Intermediate goods to total import annual growth was equal to -13.8, -1.2 and -2.0 percent respectively.

Source: Geostat, MOF

International trade is characterized by stable diversification



Top Export Products:

- Motor cars: 181.2 million. USD 34.7 percent of total exports.
- Wine of fresh grapes: 36.0 million USD 6.9 percent.
- Ferroalloys: 30.4 million USD 5.8 percent.

Top Import Products :

- Motor cars: 149.8 million. USD 13.1 percent of total imports.
- Petroleum and petroleum oils: 102.6 million US dollars – 9.0 percent.
- Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons :
 57.1 million USD 5.0 percent.

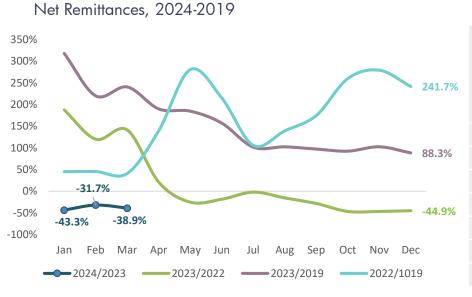
Top Export Country:

- Kyrgyzstan: 110.3 million US dollar 21.1 percent.
- Russia: 64.0 million USD, 12.1 percent.
- Kazakhstan: 62.4 million USD, 11.9 percent.

Top Import Country :

- European Union: 327.3 million USD, 28.6 percent.
- Turkey: 215.6 million USD, 18.8 percent.
- Russia: 144.6 million US dollar 12.6 percent.

Net Remittances decreased by 38.9 percent in March 2024

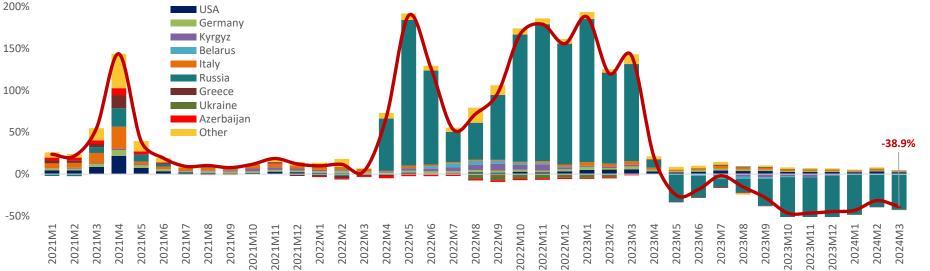


Net Remittances, March 2024

Country	Net Remittances (USD million)	Change, %y/y	Share in growth, pp
Russia	49.4	-77.6	-41.8
Italy	45.7	7.7	0.8
USA	43.4	26.2	2.2
Israel	20.6	13.7	0.6
Greece	19.3	7.4	0.3
Germany	19.4	17.1	0.7
Other	51.4	-12.4	-1.8

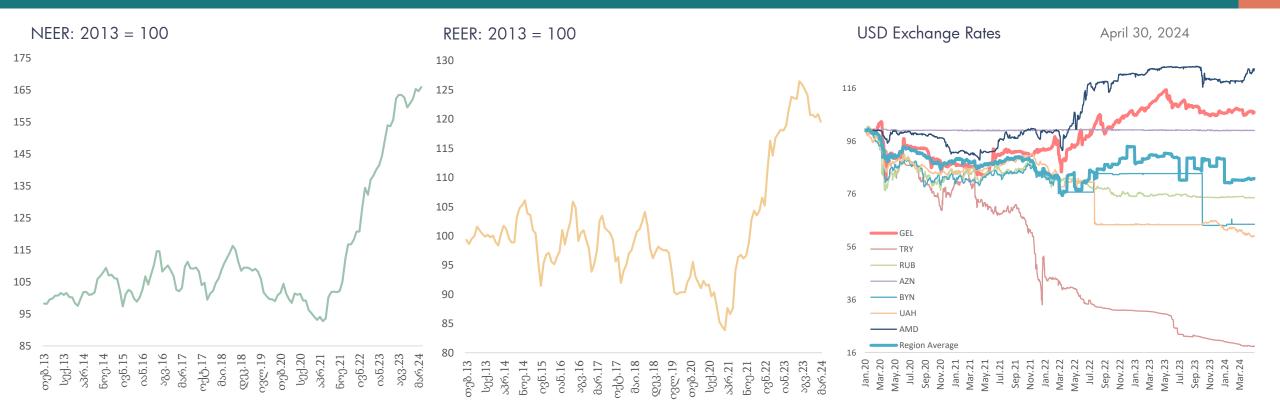
- In March 2024, net remittances were estimated at 249.2 million USD, representing a 38.9 percent annual decrease. Relative to corresponding month of 2019, Net Remittances increased by 107.9 percent.
- Net Remittances increased from:
 - Ireland: 54.2 percent (contributing 0.4 pp to total growth)
 - France: 19.3 percent (0.2 pp contribution to total growth)
 - Spain: 15.5 percent (0.2 p.p. contribution to total growth
- Net Remittances decreased from:
 - Russia: -77.6 percent (-41.8 pp contribution to total growth)
 - Azerbaijan: -67.9 percent (-0.3 pp contribution to total growth)
 - Kyrgyzstan: -60.8 percent (-0.8 pp contribution to total growth)
 - Turkey: -46.4 percent (-0.4 p.p. contribution to total growth)





Source: NBG

Real Effective Exchange Rate Depreciated by 1.7 percent in March



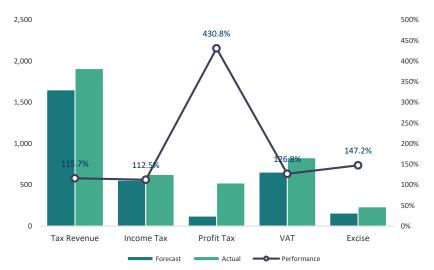
Note: Increase means appreciation

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	May 1, 2024	May 1, 2024 - Jan 1, 2024		May 1, 2024 - Jan 1, 2023	
Euro	2.8804		3.3%		0.1%
US Dollar	2.6849		0.2%		0.6%
Turkish Lira	0.0829		9.8%		74.1%
Russian Ruble	0.0287		4.1%		27.9%
NEER	192.24	_	3.2%		16.8%
REER (March 2024)	147.05	~	-0.6%		1.2%

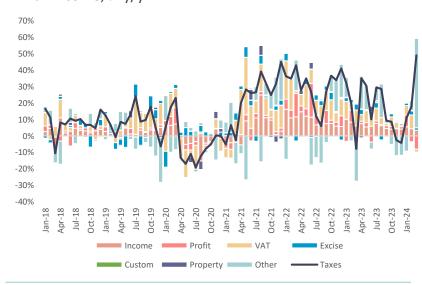
Source: NBG

Tax revenues in April is above the forecast value by 15.7 percent

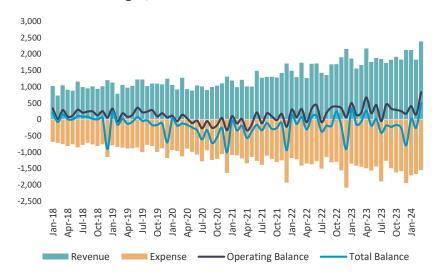
Budget Revenue Performance, April 2024



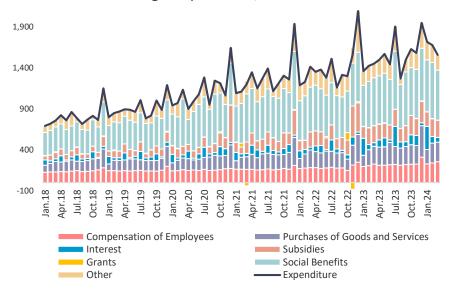
Tax Income, % y/y



Consolidated Budget, mln GEL



Consolidated Budget Expenditure, mln GEL



- The actual level of tax income in April 2024 was 1,909 mln GEL, which is above the forecasted value by 15.7 percent.
- Consolidated budget revenues increased by 43.9 percent and expenditures increased by 7.4 percent in March.
- The operating budget of the consolidated budget, which represents the savings of the government, amounted to 826.7 million GEL, while the total balance was set at 482 million GEL.
- Revenue from taxes had a significant impact on revenue from income and excise tax in March, accounting for 3.5 and 1.4 percent of total growth, respectively.

Source: MOF

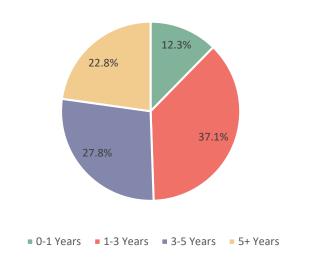
Treasury Financial Securities Portfolio Changed Insignificantly in April



Issuance and Demand of Treasury Bonds, mln GEL



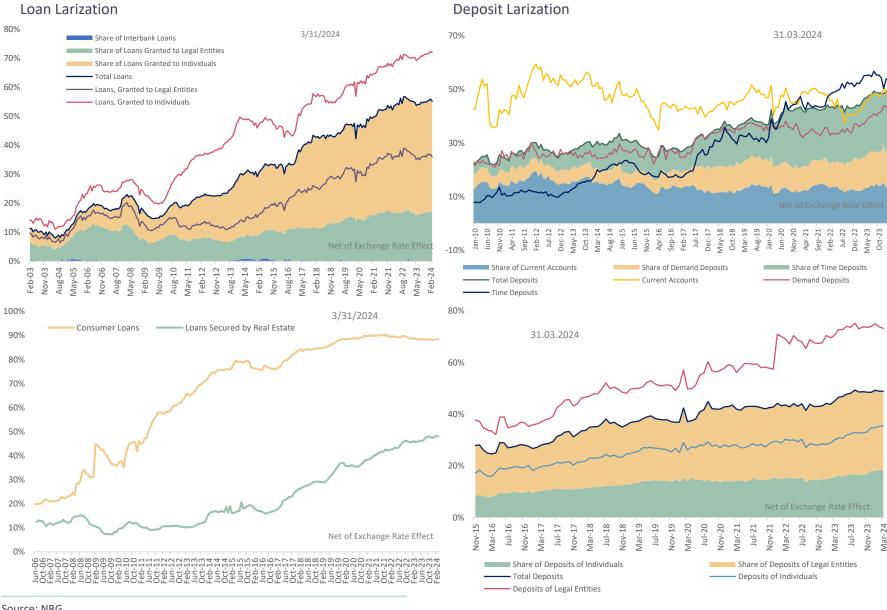
Portfolio by Residual Maturity, April 30, 2024



- In April 2024, 6 issuance and 1 buyback auctions were held with the total issuance volume of 273 million GEL.
- The weighted average interest rate amounted to 8.2%.
- There were issued treasury bills with maturities of 6 and 12 months and the treasury bonds with maturities of 3, 5, 7 and 11 years. The treasury securities with total amount of 80 million GEL were redeemed. The bonds with a nominal value of 40 million GEL were redeemed.
- There were no significant changes in the treasury financial security portfolio. As of April 30, 2024, 37.1% of the treasury securities portfolio (in March it was 38.5%) is composed of the securities whose maturity date is due for the next 1-3 years. The medium-term state financials securities (with duration 3-5 years) have also a sizable share (at around 27.8%) in the total portfolio. The share of the securities with 5 years maturities increased from 21.1% to 22.8%.
- The Bid-to-cover ratio decreased compared to the previous month's value (March 2.07) and amounted to 1.71.

Source: MoF

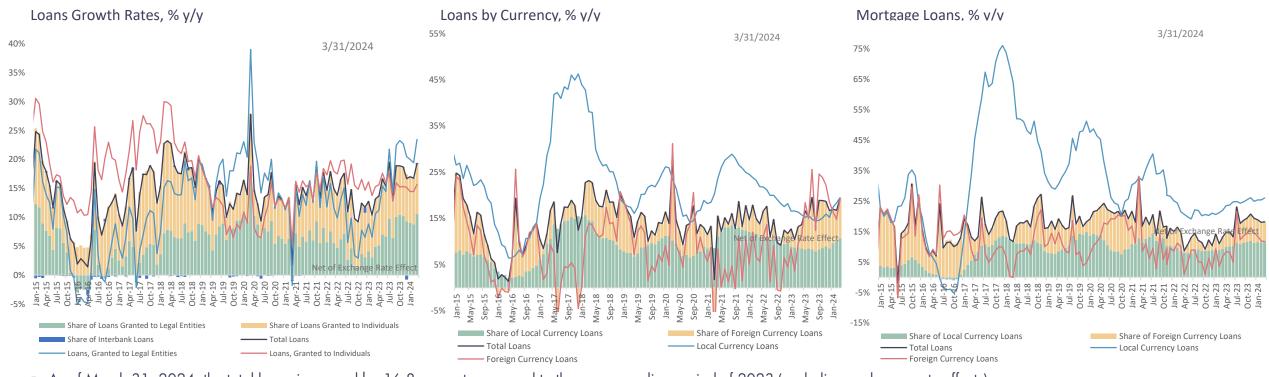
In March Loan Larization Indicator Decreased



- As of March 31, 2024, the larization of total loans is 55.7 percent.
- The larization of loans to individuals is 72.2 percent.
- The larization of the loans to legal entities amounted to 36.6 percent.
- The larization of the total deposits equals to 49.2 percent.
- The larization on the deposits of legal entities amounted to 74 percent.
- The larization of the deposits of individuals is 35.7 percent.
- The larization of time deposits is 54.1 percent.
- The larization of current accounts equals to 47.8 percent.
- The larization of the demand deposits is 43.7 percent.

Source: NBG

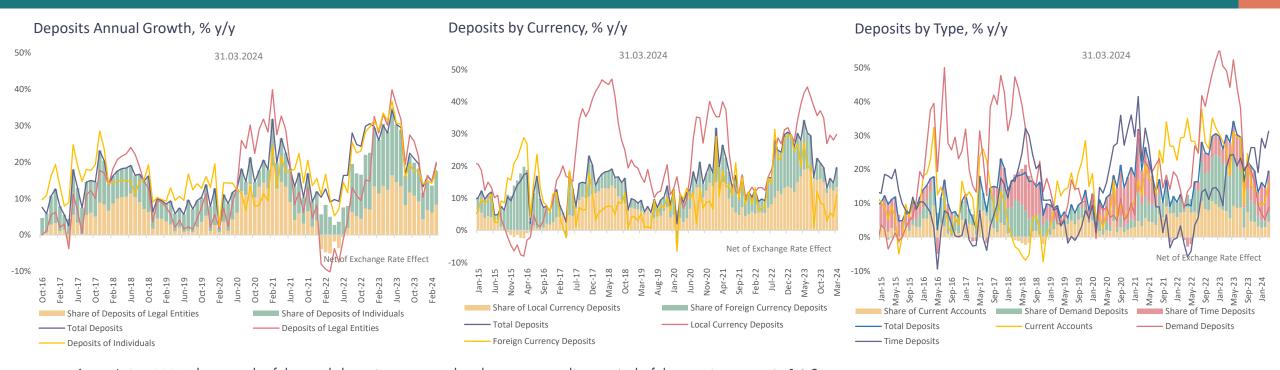
High Annual Growth Trends of Loans Have Retained



- As of March 31, 2024, the total loans increased by 16.8 percent compared to the corresponding period of 2023 (excluding exchange rate effects).
- The annual growth of the loans to the legal entities is 19.4 percent.
- The annual growth of loans to individuals is 14.4 percent.
- As of March 31, 2024, the growth rate of the loans denominated in the national currency amounted to 18.4 percent.
- The annual growth of loans denominated in foreign currency amounted to 14.8 percent.
- As of April 1, 2024, the annual growth of the loans secured by real estate amounted to 18 percent. At the same time, the mortgage loans denominated in the national currency increased by 25.4 percent, while the mortgage loans denominated in the foreign currency also increased by 11.9 percent.

Source: NBG

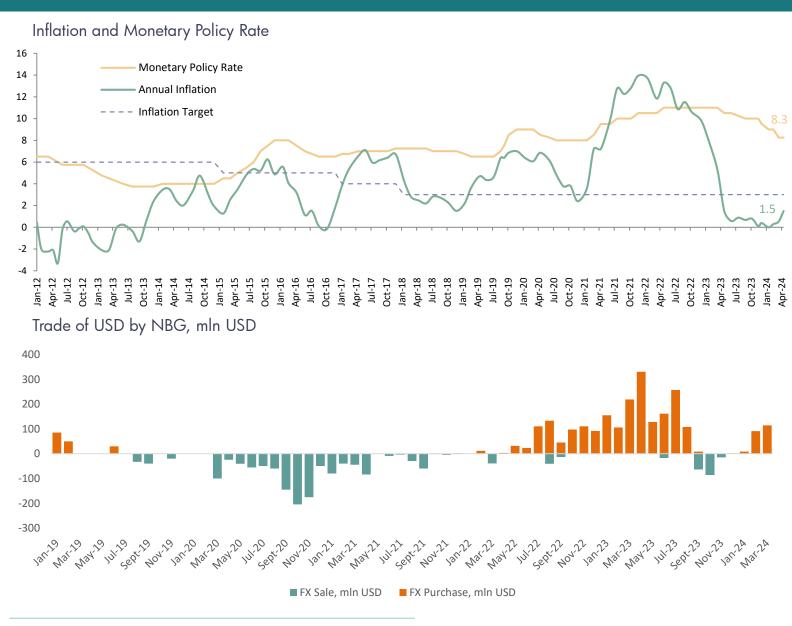
Annual Growth Rates of Deposits Are Still High



- As of March 31, 2024, the growth of the total deposits compared to the corresponding period of the previous year is 14.8 percent.
- The annual growth of the deposits denominated in the national currency amounted to 28.1 percent. The annual growth of the deposits denominated in foreign currency stood at 4.2 percent over the same period.
- The growth of the deposits of individuals amounted to 14.3 percent, while the annual growth of deposits of legal entities in the same period amounted to 14.9 percent.
- The annual growth of current accounts at the beginning of March, 2024, was equal to 10.3 percent.
- The annual growth of the time deposits was 26.3 percent.
- The growth of the demand deposits amounted to 5.3 percent.

Source: NBG

Monetary Policy Rate Remained at 8.25 percent in April

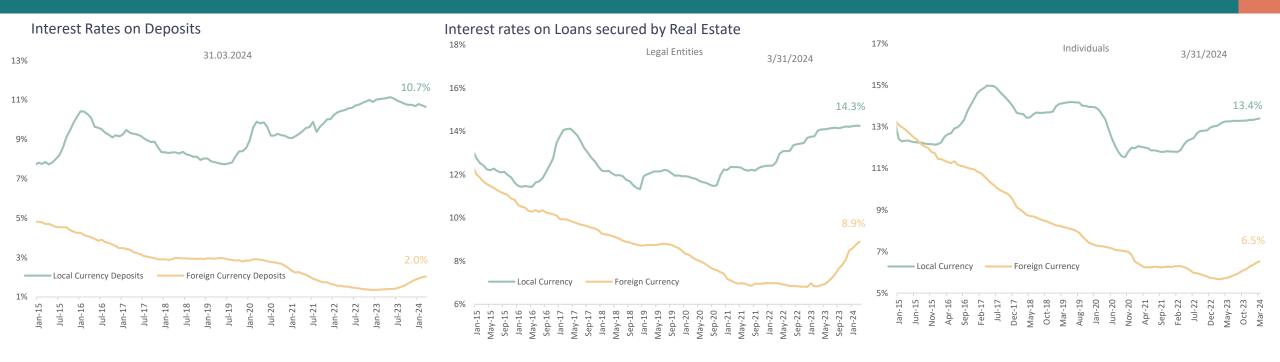


- In April, 2024, the Monetary Policy Committee of the National Bank of Georgia was not conducted. Consequently, the refinancing rate remained at 8.25 percent level.
- Per the NBG, inflation is less than the target one (3 percent). There are both external and internal factors affecting it. The external shocks related to the Russo-Ukrainian war and the Pandemic are weakened which mitigate the role of them into the inflation formation. As for the internal factors, it is worth highlighting a decrease in domestic products inflation and tighter monetary policy influencing the inflation in Georgia. The inflation expectation is decreasing. It was at 1.5 percent in April this year and still has on a downward path. It is expected that given the appreciated Georgian Lari, the aforementioned global trends will be gradually transmitted to the local markets, helping to inflation stabilization. In spite of the tendencies mentioned above, the risks of inflation rising remain at the high level that, with the existing strain geopolitical situation, pushes the NBG to loose the monetary policy at a slower pace.
- The next meeting of the Monetary Policy Committee will be held on May 8, 2024.
- There was no NBG foreign exchange interventions during April, 2024.

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Source: NBG

Market Interest Rates on Foreign Currency Has an Increasing Trend



- As of April 1, 2024, the interest rate on foreign currency deposits was 2.0 percent, and in the national currency 10.7 percent.
- The weighted average interest rate on deposits in the national currency by legal entities was 10.4 percent, and in foreign currency 2.8 percent.
- The average annual interest rate on deposits by individuals is 2.0 percent for foreign currency deposits and 10.7 percent for the national currency deposits.
- The weighted average annual interest rate on short-term consumption loans was 13.9 percent (17.0 percent in the national currency and 6.6 percent in foreign currency).
- The weighted average annual interest rate on long-term consumption loans was 15.9 percent (17 percent in the national currency and 7.8 percent in foreign currency).
- At the end of March, 2024, the interest rate on the mortgage loans denominated in local currency issued to legal entities was 12.7 percent, and in the foreign currency 9.4 percent. The interest rate on the loans to individuals in the national currency was 12.5 percent, and in foreign currency 7.4 percent.

Source: NBG

Disclaimer

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